# Presentation for Q2 conference call **Financial results – Q2 2025**



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# **Highlights :** Solid financial performance and progress on Forward '28 strategy as we further enhance our market position in strong Nordic economies

### **Commercial highlights**



\*Non-financial corporates. Source: Central bank lending market shares. \*\*Adjusted for PC Norway



# **Personal Customers:** Performance supported by deposit growth and customer activity partially offsetting rate impact and lower fee income

## Highlights\*

- Y/Y total income decreased, in part due to the divestment of PC NO in Q4 24 and a one-off fee uplift of 0.1bn in Q224
- NII 3% lower Q/Q as strong deposit inflows partially mitigated the impact of declining rates
- Fee income declined Q/Q driven by lower investment appetite due to financial market volatility and partly from seasonally lower refinancing fees
- Lending volumes stable across personal and private banking, with growth in DK home bank lending offsetting decline in Realkredit Danmark lending volumes
- Healthy deposit uplift and sustained traction in Private Banking, incl. new customer inflow
- Continued delivery on F28 objectives, incl. customers' satisfaction with digital solutions

### Financial performance KPIs

Q224



Q224

Q125

Q225

Q125

Q225



# **Business Customers:** Solid growth in lending volumes and expanding customer base underpin increased commercial momentum

## Highlights

- Y/Y NII resilient and fee income up 3%. Total income affected by lower income from leasing business
- Q/Q income impacted by lower rates and lower refinancing activity
- Cost/income trajectory remain in line with target
- Total lending up 4% Y/Y, as continued expansion of customer base in mid-sized corporates and subsidiaries of international companies drives growing market shares across all Nordic countries
- Deposits remain elevated slight decrease was due to fluctuations in Norway and Sweden
- Continued progress on strategy execution, including investments to enhance our customer acquisition and upskilling

## Financial performance KPIs



(DKK bn)







# Large Corporates & Institutions: Strong financial performance from continued lending growth and customer activity despite capital markets uncertainty

## Highlights

- Total income up (+8% Y/Y), supported by volume growth and increased fees from cash management services. Q/Q impacted primarily by lower trading income
- Strong lending growth (+10% Y/Y), mainly from corporate customers in Sweden and Denmark
- Deposit volumes up 6% Y/Y. Quarterly decline due to seasonality around dividend and tax payments as well cash build ahead of larger M&A transaction
- Strong DCM activity across currencies and countries. ECM activity was negatively affected by market turmoil in April, but has since seen increased activity as markets recovered
- AuM up (+8% Y/Y) as solid traction in net sales continues

#### **Total income** Cost/income (%) ROAC (%) (DKK m) 2026 target (~18%) 2026 target (<50%) 4,593 4,305 40 3,984 23 23 21 Q224 Q125 Q225 Q224 Q125 Q225 Q224 Q125 Q225 Nominal lending and deposits (DKK bn) Lending (General Banking) Deposits +8% +10% +6% 296 332







Financial performance KPIs

42



# Solid financial performance supported by core lines. Profit before impairments stable Y/Y as rate cuts are mitigated by growing volumes and hedge benefit

## Highlights

- Y/Y: Solid total income supported by resilient NII and stable fee income. Trading income underpinned by customer activity while insurance business was affected by Q1 one-off
- Q/Q: NII resilience sustained with solid contribution from improving volumes. Fee income affected by reduced investment fees and lower refinancing income in Q2. Net income from insurance recovered after one-off in Q1
- Profit before impairments further supported by prudent cost management and structural takeouts
- Strong credit quality and wellprovisioned portfolio kept impairments at a low level despite Q/Q increase

Income statement (DKK m)

	H1 25	H1 24	Index	02 25	01 25	Index
Net interest income	18,083	18,287	99	9,063	9,020	100
Net fee income	7,066	7,074	100	3,409	3,658	93
Net trading income	1,736	1,377	126	854	882	97
Net income from insurance business	714	949	75	513	201	255
Other income	316	324	98	147	170	86
Total income	27,917	28,011	100	13,985	13,931	100
Operating expenses	12,670	12,818	99	6,379	6,291	101
Profit before loan impairments	15,247	15,193	100	7,606	7,641	100
Loan impairment charges	266	-99	-	217	50	-
Profit before tax	14,980	15,292	98	7,390	7,591	97
Тах	3,770	3,824	99	1,936	1,834	106
Net profit	11,211	11,468	98	5,454	5,757	95

# NII: Resilient NII underpinned by positive volumes and deposit hedge, mitigating rate impact on deposit margins and lower yield on equity

NII H125 vs H124 (DKKm)

Highlights

- NII stable both Y/Y and Q/Q when adjusting for day effects and PC Norway income
- Resilient trend is supported by positive contribution from higher lending and deposit volumes
- Continued benefit from deposit hedge mitigates impact on deposit margins of lower policy rates as well as lower yield on shareholders' equity
- Q/Q development further highlights resilient trajectory of NII as better volumes partially offset lower deposit margins from rate cuts

NII sensitivity revised: Year 1: DKK +450m / -650m (per 25bps move up/down. Additional impact in year 2 and 3 of DKK (+/-)300m and DKK (+/-)100m, respectively, all else equal





### Deposit margin development\*\* (%)



# Lending margin development\*\* (%)



\* Structural hedge include benefits from our bond portfolio and fixed rate assets, net of the development in yield on shareholders' equity \*\*Margin development trends are the annualised net interest income on lending/deposits as a percentage of average lending/deposits for the period. They include effects from FX, volumes and other interest-related items.



# **Fee income:** Stable fee income development Y/Y, however, Q2 impacted by volatile financial markets and seasonality in lending activity

# Highlights

#### Everyday banking fees (e.g. transfers, accounts)

 Customer demand for everyday banking solutions, especially, corporate cash management services, continued

#### Lending and guarantee fees

- Y/Y: Solid contribution from corporate lending activities, was offset by lower activity at Personal Customers
- Q/Q: Lower mainly due to lower refinancing auction volume and increase of bank lending vs. RD lending

#### **Capital markets fees**

- Y/Y: Solid DCM customer activity in primary markets franchise at LC&I
- Q/Q: Market turmoil in April affected ECM activity, while DCM continued to see significant customer activity

#### **Investment fees**

 Y/Y: Continually strong growth in AuM and inflow in retail and institutional segments, offset by cautious investment appetite in Q2

# Net fee income (DKK m)





# Trading income: Customer activity in Q2 impacted by volatile market conditions

# Highlights

#### LC&I

- Y/Y: Higher customer activity offset by adjustments of the fair value of the derivatives portfolio (xVA)
- Q/Q: Lower customer activity in Q2

#### Group

 Y/Y: Impacted by improved value adjustments in Treasury and one-off gain of DKK 57 million related to the sale of Eksportfinans in Q2-25

### Net trading income (DKK m)





# **Expenses:** Cost trajectory in line with full-year guidance

# Highlights

- Y/Y: Costs down 1% as higher staff costs, performance-based compensation and digitalisation investments were more than offset by lower resolution fund fees and structural cost takeouts
- Q/Q: Costs slightly up, driven by technology investments and timing of investments to enhance efficiency in financial crime area
- The slight increase in FCRP cost reflects actions taken to progress towards normalisation. Lower costs for remediation of legacy cases is being executed according to plan
- In line with our Forward '28 targets, the cost/income ratio for H1 stands at 45.4%
- FY2025 cost outlook of up to DKK 26bn confirmed

## Expenses (DKK m)





# **Asset quality:** Strong credit quality underpinned by few single-name impairments; prudent macro scenarios and PMA buffer in place

# Highlights

- Strong credit quality and modest single-name credit deterioration enable impairments of DKK 217m in Q2, bringing H1 loan loss level to 3bps
- Macroeconomic scenarios reviewed in light of ongoing tariff and trade tension to capture a severe and prolonged downturn scenario
- PMA buffer remains in place with some releases in Q2. Prudent approach to cover tail risks associated with global tension

## Impairment charges by category (DKK bn)



# Post-model adjustments (DKK bn)



# Allowance account by stages (DKK bn)



# **Capital**: Strong capital generation with CET1 capital ratio improving to 18.7%

# Highlights

- CET1 capital ratio remained strong and improved further from 18.4% in Q1 to 18.7% in Q2, as REA was largely flat and the solid profitability continued to enhance our retained capital after dividend accrual
- The CET1 target of >16% remains. Following CRR3 implementation, the CET1 headroom to requirements of 410bp highlights capital flexibility
- Execution of ongoing DKK 5bn share buy-back programme well underway with ~8m shares bought worth DKK ~1.9bn (~38% of programme utilised)\*\*



#### Tier 2 AT1 Pillar II CET1 CET1 22.9 22.5 22.4 22.4 2.8 2.8 3.3 1.2 1.7 1.3 14.6 1.9 18.7 18.5 18.4 17.8 12.6 Q2 22 reported Q4 24 reported Q1 25 reported Q2 25 reported\* Regulatory CET1 requirement\*

## Total REA (DKK bn)



\* IFRS9 is now fully phased-in. CET1 requirement in June 2025 of 4.5%, capital conservation buffer of 2.5%, SIFI buffer of 3%, countercyclical buffer of 2.0%, systemic risk buffers of 0.6%, and CET1 component of Pillar II requirement. \*\* Bought back since the launch of the programme and though the week of June 30, Please refer to Company Announcement no. 32 of 7 July.

## Total capital ratios (%)



# **Financial outlook for 2025 affirmed**

# Income

We continue to expect **total income** to be slightly lower in 2025 than in 2024, driven by lower, albeit resilient, NII. Core banking income to be supported by our focus on fee income and our continued efforts to drive commercial momentum and growth in line with our financial targets for 2026. Income from trading and insurance activities remains subject to financial market conditions

**Expenses** 

We expect **operating expenses** up to DKK 26 billion in 2025, reflecting our focus on cost management and Cost/Income target for 2026

Impairments

Net profit \*

**Loan impairment charges** expected to be around DKK 1 billion as a result of continued strong credit quality

We expect net profit to be in the range of DKK 21-23 billion

# **Q&A Session**



Press **\*11** to ask a question